

Revision 4-5. Change, Money.
Market Leader New Intermediate. 2nd year 3rd term.

1. Match the words with their definitions. Mind that there are three extra definitions.

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| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Booth, n 2) Convenience store 3) Earnings per share 4) Stock market 5) Share, n 6) Gross margin 7) Hot-desking 8) Market share 9) Dividend, n 10) Depot, n 11) Economy, n 12) Economics, n 13) Home market 14) Housing market | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) a shop which sells mainly food and a limited range of household goods and which is usually open until late at night; b) the portion of a market controlled by a particular company or product; c) a place where large amounts of raw materials, equipment, or other supplies are kept until they are needed; d) a small temporary tent or structure at a market, fair, or exhibition, used for selling goods; e) one of the equal parts into which a company's capital is divided, entitling the holder to a proportion of the profits; f) the difference between the sales revenue of a business and the cost of sales (it does not include the costs of finance, administration, or distribution); g) a market for goods, products, etc., in the country or region in which they are produced; h) the social science concerned with the production and consumption of goods and services and the analysis of the commercial activities of a society; i) the part of a company's profits which is paid to people who have shares in the company; j) an institution through which company shares and government stock are traded; k) the system according to which the money, industry, and trade of a country or region are organized; l) the practice of not assigning permanent desks in a workplace, so that employees may work at any available desk; m) the real estate marketplace in which houses are bought and sold either directly between individuals or indirectly via real estate brokers; n) an important financial measure, which is calculated by dividing the company's net income with its total number of ordinary shares |
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2. Match the words in two columns in order to make word combinations.

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|--|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Venture 2) Business 3) Tax 4) Price-check 5) Fitting 6) Floor 7) To meet 8) To take 9) Gross 10) Open plan | <p>refunds sales targets profit capital room office device angel space risks</p> |
|--|---|

3. Write the words with opposite meaning.

| | |
|----------------|--------|
| 1) Increase, v | d----- |
| 2) Lend, v | b----- |
| 3) Low point | p----- |
| 4) Double, v | h----- |
| 5) Rocket, v | p----- |

4. Write the synonyms to the following words.

| | |
|-------------------|--------|
| 1) Goods, n | m----- |
| 2) Compensate, v | o----- |
| 3) Competitor, n | r----- |
| 4) Thrifty, a | e----- |
| 5) Customer, n, a | c----- |

5. Translate the bracketed parts of the following sentences. Use the first letter of the required word as a prompt. Use the forms of the words as required by the sentences.

1) Several centres developed ventures to provide (*доход*) i----- for participating women and (*доход*) r----- to support centre activities.

2) Polish citizens could cross the borders of European Union Member States also on the basis of an (*удостоверение личности*) i----- c-----.

3) Retraining programmes were organized for workers who (*были уволены по сокращению штата*) had been m---- r-----.

4) After selection of participants is completed, each potential (*предприниматель*) e----- must provide a viable business project.

5) There is always of course the possibility of unforeseen events that, as noted above, can upset any (*прогноз*) f-----.

6) Prices (*колеблются, меняются*) f----- significantly according to demand and supply.

7) The Board also noted an increase in (*чистая прибыль*) n----- p----- from the sale of investments from \$0.4 billion to \$0.9 billion, an increase of \$0.5 billion.

8) We will be glad to (*разместить*) a----- you in our luxurious rooms and offer you our excellent services.

9) Decentralization can considerably (*усилить, укрепить*) e----- transparency and face-to-face accountability.

10) We need your computer to (*выяснить, понять*) f----- who accessed those files.

11) Recently, (*моральное состояние*) m----- and discipline in the company appear to have improved.

12) The park has 24 buildings and its (*площадь*) f----- s----- is about 135,000 square meters.

13) With adequate support, the small farm sector can (*приспосабливаться*) a----- quickly to new incentives and become competitive.

14) This technological (*новинка*) n----- allows you to print your designs directly from a digital device.

15) This hotel with its exquisite style and elegant refinement is situated in an (*престижный, элитный*) u----- area of central Cairo.

16) Staff turnover helps to open up promotion and recruitment (*перспективы*) p-----.

17) Many European economies are already slowing, with some entering (*спад*) r-----.

18) In addition to traditional investment, there are examples of financing models applied in the field of intellectual assets that have allowed businesses to (*добывать занимать деньги, получить ссуду на что-л.*) r----- c----- against future revenues.

19) Another expert group meeting is scheduled for January to help (*завершать, заканчивать*) f----- the project.

20) The stark drop in coffee production in the country, completing 15 (*последующих*) *c*----- months, has led to national import a flagship product.

21) Employers have the obligation to (*возмещать, возвращать*) *r*----- travel expenses for employees who get to work using public transport.

22) Given unfavourable conditions, it is likely that TNCs would (*перевести, передислоцировать, переместить*) *r*----- their factories elsewhere.

23) Tourism can (*способствовать, продвигать*) *p*----- social development through its impact on employment creation.

24) Top managers of the company have seen a need to re-organise structures and (*сократить*) *d*----- or redirect staff.

25) Besides there is a possibility to (*понижить*) *d*----- him to junior manager.

6. Complete the sentences about the graph.



- 1) Share price *d*----- From January to February.
- 2) Share price *l*----- --- from February to May.
- 3) Share price *s*----- from May to August.
- 4) There was an *i*----- --- €7 in the share price from May to August.
- 5) Share price reached a *p*----- --- €9 in August.
- 6) Share price dropped --- €2 from August to October.
- 7) Share price *f*----- from October to January.
- 8) Share price *p*----- to €2 in February.
- 9) Share price reached a *l*----- *p*----- in February.
- 10) Share price *t*----- from February to June.